

THIS VOLUME OF ARMS CORRESPONDENCE.

The Pedigrees referred to in the letter from the Somerset Herald, taken with the extracts he sent from printed books, do not agree totally with the pedigrees from Barnwells book that were shown in the Winter Journal. I will return to these at a later date as research is under way on some of these lines.

However I now refer to the pedigree given to us by the College concerning Sir Herbert Charles Perrott (Reference No. 3 in his letter.) Firstly I reproduce this below - in script as it is easier to do it this way than with a typewriter. It is taken from a copy of Burkes Baronetage.

SIR ROBERT PERROTT OF RICHMOND SURREY. died UNMARRIED 29.5.1759. CREATED BARONET 1.7.1716.	RICHARD PERROTT m REBECCA WYKE. of MARSH, SHREWSBURY. SIR RICHARD m MARGARET JEHIMA FORDYCE. 33.7.1762 ELDEST SON.
SIR EDWARD BINDLOSS m LOUISA AUGUSTA BAYLY. 10.5.1810. bn 1.9.1784 dd 24.3.1859.	HENRY DIVE JANE JULIANA DARNLEY died WITHOUT ISSUE WITH ELLIE. (d.s.p) 1861.
SIR EDWARD GEORGE LAMBERT m EMMA MARIA HOUGHTON. 13.10.1847. bn 10.5.1811 d.d. 4.6.1886	HENRY DIVE. bn 31.7.1813. d.d.unmarried 23.6.1889 RICHARD ELRINGTON. bn 9.12.1814 dd(dsp) 25.6.1872
SIR HERBERT CHARLES PERROTT m ETHEL LUCY KARE. 10.12.1901. bn 26.10.1849	EVELYN EDWARD m CAROLINE FRAZER bn 8.10.1891 dd 13.2.1915. d.s.p.

HENRY AUGUSTA dd 19.1.1885.

A SON MARIE LOUISE PRISCILLA.
bn & dd bn 20.12.1909.
7.9.1911. HELENA RUTH
bn 14.8.1912.

Other relevant details given are:-

"Sir Robert was created a baronet, it is said, on 1st July 1716 with limitation to his brother and the heirs male of his body, but no patent, sign manual or docquet is on record. He was succeeded by his nephew Richard."

"A royal warrant, dated 3rd Jan 1767, under the sign manual and privy seal (but not under the great seal) countersigned by the Secretary of State, declared -' to avoid all doubt and dispute about the rank and precedence of our trusty and well beloved subject, Sir Richard Perrott, Baronet, we have thought fit hereby to signify our royal pleasure and to declare that the said Richard Perrott, and the heirs male of his body, lawfully begotten, shall have and enjoy, in all places, assemblies, and meetings, the place, rank, precedence, privileges, and immunities of or belonging to a Baronet of this realm, and to take place and commences from 1st July 1716.' "

"Sir Herbert Perrott, who was made a C.B. (civil) 1902, was created a Baronet of the United Kingdom 21st July 1911, with a remainder to the heirs male of his body and precedence from 1st July 1716. On the Roll of Baronets he is described as 6th baronet and 1st baronet."

Under "Creations" it says - '(C.B.) 1st July 1716: (U.K.) 21st June 1911, with precedence from 1st July 1716.' His Arms are given as the usual Perrott coat and the motto as the usual Perrott motto of 'Amo ut invenio' or 'I love as I find'

I first became curious as to why this baronetcy was dormant - seen in another book - when I noticed the name Henry Dive, born to Sir Edward Bindloss Perrott, as when I had been glancing at the Mormon I.G.I. for Kent I had noticed references to baptisms of a Henry Dive and Catherine at Woolwich. The unusual name had stuck in my mind and I became even more curious when the Burkes pedigree said 'died unmarried'. I had a further look at the Kent I.G.I. and from the names that Henry & Catherine

the form required by the examiner. I therefore approached Burke and received a reply that 'your Society seems to know more than Burke'. He mentions that the two baronetcies appear to be extinct, but there would certainly be interest in the tracing any connection between the original and an Australian branch 'since the 1716 baronetcy might be found to be dormant rather than extinct.' He wishes us well in our search 'which I am sure will be worthwhile.'

He also mentions that there was a Sir Walter Perrott whose unmarried daughters were living in Windsor Castle, and that he was a very distinguished organist at St. Georges Chapel, Windsor. Perhaps another line to follow up at a later date.

From the foregoing, members will see that there is a distinct possibility that there is a heir to the baronetcy - possibly in Australia if Danielle is correct - or he could be in the U.K. One has to face the possibility that even though we have found additional Parrots, their descendants could have all died out in the male line. It would appear however that neither the College of Arms or Burke knew of these other lines, which are surely all connected, and that it will be up to the Society to provide proof before anything further can be done.

It would surely be a feather in our cap if we could do this and I shall be asking for suggestions etc at the A.G.M.

The last snippet on the whole question and that is that I also found in the Kent G.I. the following data:-

J.11.1622	Henry <u>Dive</u> md Alice Peret.	Tonbridge.
J.10.1592	Joan of Robert Perret.	"
J.12.1594	Alice of " "	"
J. 2.1596	John of " "	"
J. 4.1614	Ann of " "	"
J.11.1592	Robert Perret md Elizabeth Clark.	"
J. 5.1588	Chowning Perrett md Mgt Storer.	"
J.12.1610	Robert Perret md Alice Burgeis.	"

How strange that the name Dive appears here, and that there is a Robert P living here at that time. From Barnwells book Perrot Notes we learn that a branch of the Pembroke family was living in Kent in the 1500's and probably before.

MEMBERSHIP SUBSCRIPTIONS.

Our Annual General Meeting is being held just before the end of our first year of existence. In common with most Societies, the membership subscriptions are due on the 1st of the month following, i.e. the 1st May 1985.

We have had a large influx of members in the last two months or so, and to them it may seem a trifle cheeky to ask for a further subscription so soon. However, all the newer members will have now received all four copies of the Journal issued since the start of the Society, which puts them in the same position as those who joined at the inaugural meeting last April.

Members joining after the despatch of this Journal will not receive an issue until the June Journal, but will be able to purchase back numbers at a cost of £5. This means that financially speaking they will be in the same position as those who have joined from April 1984 to March 1985.

In common with all such Societies, I shall only send the June issue to those who have paid their subscriptions by the date of despatch. Those attending the A.G.M. can pay me there to save postage, but to those unable to attend may I ask that as soon as you have read this item you get out your cheque book and send me a cheque. I know how easy it is to forget - SO DO IT NOW. When June arrives and you have not received your copy, the reason could be that you have not sent your subscription.

I hope you have all enjoyed the four issues and that they have been some help. I am a complete amateur at this type of exercise and hopefully I will get better as time goes on. I have certain ideas which I shall elaborate at the A.G.M. for the coming twelve months.

had given to their children, thought I may be on to something interesting. The names and dates were as follows:-

16.7.1837	Henry Brown	of Henry & Catherine Parrott, St. Mary Magdalene, Woolwich.
21.6.1840	Edward	" " " " "
12.3.1843	Louisa Augusta	" " " " "
12.7.1846	Richard Elrington	" " " " "

It is beyond the realms of chance that a Henry Dive (I notice I have missed this out on the above references i.e. the 'Dive') Parrott would call one his daughters Louisa Augusta and one of his sons Richard Elrington - surely after his mother and brother respectively - if Henry was not connected in some way with this family. The Edward could be a tribute to his father Sir Edward Bindloss Perrott. The Henry Brown is not immediately attributable, but could be his mothers maiden name. So far I have been unable to trace the marriage of Henry Dive to Catherine, but would not be very surprised to learn she was Catherine Brown.

I then searched the London I.G.I. and have come up with the following:-

26.9.1783	Richard	of Richard & Margaret Jemima Parrott. Chelsea, St. Luke.
29.8.1785	Elizabeth Margaret	" " " Westminster, St Martins.
11.7.1787	Owen John	" " " " "
1.9.1813	Henry Bray	of Henry Dundas Berry Parrott & Sarah. Shoreditch, St John.
21.1.1842	Alfred David	of Henry Bray Parrott & Priscilla. Shoreditch St John.
5.4.1843	Margaret Jemima	" " " " "
7.6.1848	Elizabeth Priscilla	" " " " St Leonards
7.6.1848	Charles Henry	" " " " "

22.10.1849 Henry Dundas Parrott md Mary Ann Sherrell or Hotchkiss. St Pancras.

2. 7.1871 Henry Parrott md Emma Lambert. Shoreditch.

The first three are obviously connected although not mentioned in the Burkes pedigree. The pedigree says that Henry Dundas died without issue in 1861, yet Henry Bray appears to be his son and calling a daughter Margaret Jemima after his grandmother surely clinches it that they are all connected with the family. Did Henry Dundas Berry Parrott have other children baptised elsewhere - i.e. Henry Dundas - if not who is the father of Henry Dundas Parrott who married Mary Ann in 1849, probably a widow which would explain the 'Sherrel or Hotchkiss'. He could of course be the son of Richard (of Richard & Margaret Jemima) or Owen John of the same couple.

One of our new members - Danielle Perratt - mentioned in a letter that her father had told her that when he was very young there were 'titled Perratts' who lived in the neighbourhood who packed up and all went off to Australia. Sadly her father is dead and she cannot pursue this. Allan Perrott, our Aussie chairman, knows of Perratts in N.S.W., one of whom has purchased the ruins of Narberth Castle in Wales as he thinks this is his ancient family home. I have written to him and asked him to make enquiries.

A Sandra Powell wrote to me some years ago with a pedigree showing her descent from an Elizabeth Perrott, daughter of Sir Edward George Lambert Perrott. At the time I had no knowledge of this line. Allan has had correspondence with an Evelyn Hale - a relative of Sandra - who says she is descended from the same line and says that Elizabeth was the sister of a Henry Dundas Parrott. This all fits together and so I thought it worth while to approach the Somerset Herald with the various pieces of data. I asked the specific question as to whether the inheritance of the Baronetcy was restricted to heirs of the eldest son, or whether it could be via descendants of brothers if the descent via the eldest son came to an end as in the case of Sir Herbert Charles Perrott. His reply was that the 1711 baronetcy died as and when the male line died, as it did by virtue of him having no heir. The 1711 baronetcy, by virtue of its patent, would pass to whoever was entitled to it via previous brothers and their eldest heirs and further descendants.

The Herald does comment that 'this baronetcy is unfortunately a peculiar case as it possibly never existed though confirmed by a Royal Warrant'. A claim has to be made through the College, Garter King of Arms having to issue a certificate that a submitted pedigree has been approved. He goes on to say that could draft one in